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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/651,293	MATSUMOTO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Mohammad Ali	2177				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) daysill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Fe	bruary 2004.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-59</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-59</u> is/are rejected.	Claim(s) <u>1-59</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	937 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> </ul>	s have been received.					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori						
application from the International Bureau		a III tillo Mational Glago				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of		d.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P	te atent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)  Other:					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Application/Control Number: 09/651,293 Page 2

Art Unit: 2177

### **DETAILED ACTION**

This communication is in response to the RCE filed on February 26, 2004.
 Claims 1-59 are pending in this Office Action.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

3. Claims 1-2, 9-12, and 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipate by Vermeire et al. ('Vermeire', hereinafter), US Patent 6,209,124 B1.

As to claim 1, Vermeire discloses a recording apparatus for attaching, to binary data, meta-data as information related to the binary data, characterized (col. 5, lines 3-5). Vermeire teaches 'meta-data generation means for generating the, meta-data' as

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Art Unit: 2177

metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Further, Vermeire teaches, 'binary data generation means for generating the binary data to which the meta-data is to be attached' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Finally, Vermeire teaches, 'meta-data attaching means for attaching the meta-data to a plurality of binary data generated by said binary data generation means and including said group' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications. Data structures involved (attached) in the host machine and application programs. Binary data streams received from the host into XML documents and to restructure XML documents into binary data streams capable of acting with host machine and its program applications (col. 5, lines 3-17).

Page 3

As to claim 2, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising storage means for storing the binary data having meta-data outputed by said meta-data attaching means' as host machine characteristics into a system of metadata which allows the reconstruction of requests and results into and out of mark-up languages binary data streams (Abstract, lines 4-7).

As to claim 9, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said meta-data attaching means embeds the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as

determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 10, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said meta-data attaching means attaches only information representing a file name of the meta-data or a location of the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 11, Vermeire discloses, a recording method of attaching, to binary data, meta-data as information related to the binary data, characterized (col. 5, lines 3-5). Vermeire teaches 'meta-data generation means for generating the, meta-data' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Further, Vermeire teaches, 'binary data generation means for generating the binary data to which the meta-data is to be attached' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Finally, Vermeire teaches, 'meta-data attaching means for attaching the meta-data to a plurality of binary data generated by said binary data generation means and including said group' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications. Data structures involved (attached) in the host machine and application programs. Binary data streams received from the host into XML documents

and to restructure XML documents into binary data streams capable of acting with host machine and its program applications (col. 5, lines 3-17).

As to claim 12, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the storage step of storing the binary data having meta-data outputed by themeta-data attaching step' as host machine characteristics into a system of metadata which allows the reconstruction of requests and results into and out of mark-up languages binary data streams (Abstract, lines 4-7).

As to claim 19, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that the meta-data attaching step comprises embedding the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 20, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that the meta-data attaching step comprises attaching only information representing a file name of the meta-data or a location of the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 21, Vermeire discloses a storage medium which stores a processing program for attaching, to binary data, meta-data as information related to the binary data (col. 5, lines 3-5). Vermeire teaches 'meta-data generation means for generating the, meta-data' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in markup language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Further, Vermeire teaches, 'binary data

Art Unit: 2177

Page 6

generation means for generating the binary data to which the meta-data is to be attached' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Finally, Vermeire teaches, 'meta-data attaching means for attaching the meta-data to a plurality of binary data generated by said binary data generation means and including said group' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications. Data structures involved (attached) in the host machine and application programs. Binary data streams received from the host into XML documents and to restructure XML documents into binary data streams capable of acting with host machine and its program applications (col. 5, lines 3-17).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation

Art Unit: 2177

under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claims 3-8 and 13-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vermeire et al., ('Vermeire', hereinafter), US Patent 6,209,124 as applied to claims 1-2, 9-12, 19-20 in view of Leigh Klotz Jr., ('Klotz', hereinafter), US Patent 5,459,307.

As to claim 3, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data outputed by said meta-data attaching means in a detachable storage' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide

Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seg.

As to claim 4, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data stored in said storage means in a detachable storage' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 5, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said apparatus further comprises meta-data loading means for loading meta-data stored in advance in a detachable storage, and said meta-data attaching means attaches the meta-data loaded by said meta-data loading means to the binary data to generate the binary data having meta-data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on

host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 6, Vermeire disclosed, 'characterized in that said apparatus further comprises binary data loading means for loading binary data stored in a first detachable storage, and said meta-data attaching means attaches the meta-data to the binary data loaded by said binary data loading means to generate the binary data having meta-data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the

**Art Unit: 2177** 

art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 7, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary-data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data outputed by said meta-data attaching means in the first storage medium as a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 8, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary-data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data stored in

Page 10

Art Unit: 2177

said storage means in the first storage medium as a loading source of the binary data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

Page 11

As to claim 13, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data outputed by the meta-data attaching step in a detachable storage' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It

Art Unit: 2177

would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

Page 12

As to claim 14, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data stored in the storage step in a detachable storage' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 15, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said recording method further comprises the meta-data loading step of loading meta-data stored in advance in a detachable storage, and the meta-data attaching step comprises attaching the

meta-data loaded in the meta-data loading step to the binary data to generate the binary data having meta-data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seg.

As to claim 16, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that the recording method further comprises binary data loading step of loading the binary data stored in a first detachable storage, and the meta-data attaching step comprises attaching the meta-data to the binary data loaded in the binary data loading step to generate the binary data having meta-data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein

interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 17, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary-data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data outputed by the meta-data attaching step in the first detachable storage medium as a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

Art Unit: 2177

As to claim 18, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary-data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data stored in the storage step in the first detachable storage medium as a loading source of the binary data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

Page 15

6. Claims 22-59 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vermeire et al., ('Vermeire', hereinafter), US Patent 6,209,124 B1 in view of Leigh Klotz Jr., ('Klotz', hereinafter), US Patent 5,459,307.

As to claim 22, Vermiere discloses a recording apparatus for attaching, to binary data, meta-data as information related to the binary data, characterized (col. 5, lines 3-

Page 16

Art Unit: 2177

7). Vermeire teaches, 'meta-data generation means for generating the meta-data' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Further Vermeire teaches, 'binary data loading means for loading the binary data to which the meta-data is to be attached from a first detachable storage' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Finally, Vermiere teaches, 'meta-data attaching means for attaching the same meta-data to a plurality of binary data loaded by said binary data loading means and including said group' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications. Data structures involved (attached) in the host machine and application programs. Binary data streams received from the host into XML documents and to restructure XML documents into binary data streams capable of acting with host machine and its program applications (col. 5, lines 3-17). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with

necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 23, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising storage means for storing the binary data having meta-data outputted by said meta-data attaching means' as host machine characteristics into a system of metadata which allows the reconstruction of requests and results into and out of mark-up languages binary data streams (Abstract, lines 4-7).

As to claim 24, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data output from said meta-data attaching means in the first detachable storage as a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 25, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data output from said meta-data attaching means in a second detachable storage different from a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 26, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data stored in said storage means in the first storage medium as a loading source of the binary

data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18).

As to claim 27, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data stored in said storage means in a second detachable storage different from a loading source of the binary data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18).

As to claim 28, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said recording apparatus further comprises loading means for loading meta-data stored, in advance, in a detachable storage, and said meta-data attaching means attaches the meta-data loaded by said meta-data loading means to the binary data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18).

As to claim 29, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said meta-data attaching means embeds the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 30, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said meta-data attaching means attaches only information representing a file name of the meta-data or a location

Art Unit: 2177

: 09/651,293 Page 19

of the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 31, Vermeire discloses a recording method of attaching, to binary data, meta-data as information related to the binary data, characterized (col. 5, lines 3-7). Vermeire teaches, 'meta-data generation means for generating the meta-data' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Further, Vermeire teaches, 'binary data loading means for loading the binary data to which the meta-data is to be attached from a first detachable storage' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in markup language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Finally, Vermiere teaches, 'meta-data attaching means for attaching the same meta-data to a plurality of binary data loaded by said binary data loading means to generate binary data having meta-data' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications. Data structures involved (attached) in the host machine and application programs. Binary data streams received from the host into XML documents and to restructure XML documents into binary data streams capable of acting with host machine and its program applications (col. 5, lines 3-17). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate

Art Unit: 2177

Page 20

data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 32, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising a storage step of storing the binary data having meta-data output in the meta-data attaching step' as host machine characteristics into a system of metadata which allows the reconstruction of requests and results into and out of mark-up languages binary data streams (Abstract, lines 4-7).

As to claim 33, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising a binary-data having meta-data write step of writing a binary data having meta-data outputed by the meta-data attaching step in the first storage medium as a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 34, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary-data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data outputed by the meta-data attaching step in a second detachable storage different from a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML

application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 35, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data stored in the storage step in the first detachable storage mediumas a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 36, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data stored in the storage step in a second detachable storage different from a loading source of the binary data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18 et seq).

As to claim 37, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that the recording method further comprises a loading step of loading meta-data stored, in advance, in a detachable storage, and the meta-data attaching step comprises attaching the meta-data loaded in the meta-data loading step to the binary data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18).

Art Unit: 2177

As to claim 38, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that the meta-data attaching step comprises embedding the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data

structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 39, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that the meta-data attaching step comprises attaching only information representing a file name of the meta-data or a location of the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 40, Vermeire discloses a storage medium which stores a processing program for attaching, to binary data, meta-data as information related to the binary data processing program (col. 5, lines 3-7). Vermeire teaches, 'meta-data generation means for generating the meta-data' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Further Vermeire teaches, 'binary data loading means for loading the binary data to which the meta-data is to be attached from a first detachable storage' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Finally, Vermiere teaches, 'a meta-data attaching step of attaching the same meta-data to a plurality of binary data loaded by said binary data loading means and including said group' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate

Page 22

Art Unit: 2177

Page 23

language applications. Data structures involved (attached) in the host machine and application programs. Binary data streams received from the host into XML documents and to restructure XML documents into binary data streams capable of acting with host machine and its program applications (col. 5, lines 3-17). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 41, Vermiere discloses a recording apparatus for attaching, to binary data, meta-data as information related to the binary data, characterized (col. 5, lines 3-7). Vermiere teaches, 'meta-data loading means for loading the meta-data from a first detachable storage' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Further, Vermeire teaches, 'binary data generation means for generating the binary data' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML

Page 24

Art Unit: 2177

representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Finally, Vermeire teaches, 'meta-data attaching means for attaching the same meta-data loaded by said meta-data loading means to a plurality of binary data generated by said binary data generation means and including said group' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications. Data structures involved (attached) in the host machine and application programs. Binary data streams received from the host into XML documents and to restructure XML documents into binary data streams capable of acting with host machine and its program applications (col. 5, lines 3-17). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

As to claim 42, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising storage means for storing the binary data having meta-data outputed by said meta-data attaching means' as host machine characteristics into a system of metadata which

allows the reconstruction of requests and results into and out of mark-up languages binary data streams (Abstract, lines 4-7).

As to claim 43, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data output from said meta-data attaching means in the first storage as a loading source of the meta-data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18).

As to claim 44, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data outputed by said meta-data attaching means in a second detachable storage different from a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 45, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary-data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data stored in said storage means in the first detachable storage medium as a loading source of the meta-data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 46, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising binary data having meta-data write means for writing the binary data having meta-data stored

Art Unit: 2177

in said storage means in a second detachable storage different from a loading source of the meta-data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

Page 26

As to claim 47, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said apparatus further comprises binary data loading means for loading binary data stored in advance in a detachable storage, and said meta-data attaching means attaches the meta-data loaded by said meta-data loading means to the binary data to generate the binary data having meta-data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18).

As to claim 48, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said meta-data attaching means embeds the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 49, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said meta-data attaching means attaches only information representing a file name of the meta-data or a location of the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 50, Vermeire discloses a recording method of attaching, to binary data, meta-data as information related to the binary data, characterized (col. 5, lines 3-7). Vermiere teaches, 'a meta-data loading step of loading the meta-data from a first

Page 27

Art Unit: 2177

detachable storage' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in markup language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Further, Vermeire teaches, 'a binary data loading step of loading the binary data from the first detachable storage' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Finally, Vermeire teaches, 'a meta-data attaching step of attaching the same meta-data loaded in the meta-data loading step to a plurality of binary data loaded in the binary data loading step to generate binary data having meta-data' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications. Data structures involved (attached) in the host machine and application programs. Binary data streams received from the host into XML documents and to restructure XML documents into binary data streams capable of acting with host machine and its program applications (col. 5, lines 3-17). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated (col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to

Art Unit: 2177

store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

Page 28

As to claim 51, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the storage step of storing the binary data having meta-data outputed by the meta-data attaching step' as host machine characteristics into a system of metadata which allows the reconstruction of requests and results into and out of mark-up languages binary data streams (Abstract, lines 4-7).

As to claim 52, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data outputed by the meta-data attaching step in the first storage as a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 53, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data outputed by the meta-data attaching step in a second detachable storage different from a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 54, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data stored in the storage step in the first storage medium as a loading source of the binary data'.

As to claim 55, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized by further comprising the binary data having meta-data write step of writing the binary data having meta-data stored in the storage step in a second detachable storage different from a loading source of the binary data' as binary data from a host into a user XML application and write XML documents in the opposite side of intermediary host application to read and write binary records (col. 6, lines 10-16).

As to claim 56, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that said method further comprises the binary data loading step of loading binary data stored, in advance, in a detachable storage, and the meta-data attaching step comprises attaching the meta-data loaded in the meta-data loading step to the binary data to generate the binary data having meta-data' as the language used in the applications program resident (attach) on host is identified fro MPADS. MPADS then loads the language-specific parser for the identified language (col. 17, lines 16-18).

As to claim 57, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that the meta-data attaching step comprises embedding the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

As to claim 58, Vermeire teaches, 'characterized in that the meta-data attaching step comprises attaching only information representing a file name of the meta-data or a location of the meta-data to a predetermined position of the binary data' as determined the host machine and programming architecture and host data structure (col. 5, lines 55-62).

Page 30

Art Unit: 2177

As to claim 59, Vermeire discloses a storage medium which stores a processing program for attaching, to binary data, meta-data as information related to the binary data processing program (col. 5, lines 3-7). Vermeire teaches, 'a meta-data loading step of loading the meta-data from a first detachable storage' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Further, Vermeire teaches, 'a binary data loading step of loading the binary data from the first detachable storage' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications (col. 5, lines 3-7). Finally, Vermeire teaches, 'a meta-data attaching step of attaching the same meta-data loaded in the meta-data loading step to a plurality of binary data loaded in the binary data loading step to generate binary data having meta-data' as metadata with XML representation or the binary data values to generate binary data for use with a host system or XML representation for use in mark-up language applications. Data structures involved (attached) in the host machine and application programs. Binary data streams received from the host into XML documents and to restructure XML documents into binary data streams capable of acting with host machine and its program applications (col. 5, lines 3-17). Vermeire does not disclose the external device or storage medium as depicted in figure 1 of the present invention. However, Klotz discloses an analogous system attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on a removable external device where the information is associated

Art Unit: 2177

(col. 6, lines 32-34). It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references because the external device or storage medium of Klotz's system would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seg.

#### Remarks

7. Applicants argues that Vermeire does not teach, 'automatically attaching the same meta-data attaching generated by meta-data generation means to the plural sets of binary data generated by said binary data generation means, the meta-data being information identifying a group of plural sets of binary data'.

In response to Applicants arguments, the Examiner respectfully submits that claims does not recite 'automatically attaching'. Therefore, the applicant's allegations are moot, since they are not supported in the claims. Rather, the claims calls 'meta-data attaching means for attaching the same meta data-data generated by said meta-data generation means to the plural sets of binary data generated by said binary data generation means, the meta-data being information identifying a group of plural sets of binary data' and Vermeire teaches this limitation as, a set of object classes that collectively enable to process in memory the binary data from a host into a user XML application and vice versa. The intermediary batch program will read a file of fixed-format records and apply the intermediary to generate an XML file for export to an XML based application. The intermediary runtime engine merges a binary stream of data with

Page 31

Art Unit: 2177

Page 32

information about the data and create a binary representation of the XML communication to create a binary representation of the information suitable for direct use by application running to the host, see col. 6, lines 9-48, Fig. 1 et seq.

Applicant's argue that Vermeire does not teach 'automatically attaching the same meta-data identifying a group of plural sets of binary data to the plural sets of binary data'. In response to Applicant's arguments the examiner respectfully submits that the claim does not recite 'automatically attaching the same meta-data'. Further, in response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., automatically attaching the same meta-data identifying a group of plural sets of binary data to the plural sets of binary data) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Rather, claims calls 'meta-data generation means for generating meta-data identifying a group of plural sets of binary data'. Therefore, the applicant's arguments are moot, since they are not supported in the claims.

Applicant's argue that Klotz does not cures the deficiencies of Vermeire.

Vermeire does not explicitly indicate the claimed 'external device or storage medium'. Klotz cures such deficiency by teaching attaching with data wherein interprets the aggregate data of the storage sheet or sheets to be files stored on removable external device where the information is associated, see col. 6, lines 32-34. It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at of data generating, at the time of the

Application/Control Number: 09/651,293 Page 33

Art Unit: 2177

present invention, to combine the teachings of the cited references. The teachings of external device or storage medium of Klotz's would provide Vermeire's with necessary infrastructure, which would allow it to store data in the external device or storage medium for future retrieval, as explained in Klotz, col. 6, lines 32-34 et seq.

Applicant's argue that Vermeire and Klotz does not teach 'attaching the same meta-data generated by the meta-data generation means, the meta-data being information identifying a group of plural sets of binary data, to the plural sets of binary data'.

In response to Applicants arguments, the Examiner respectfully submits that Vermeire and Klotz teaches this limitation as stated above.

Art Unit: 2177

Page 34

Contact Information

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Mohammad Ali whose telephone number is (703) 605-

4356. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 7:30am-

6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John Breene can be reached on (703) 305-9790 or Customer Service (703)

306-5631. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or

proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306 for any communications. Any inquiry of a

general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be

directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-9600.

Mohammad Ali

Patent Examiner

AU 2177

200 am

MA

April 08, 2004